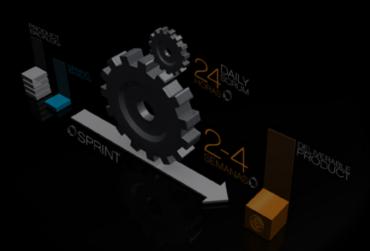


# First Annual Meeting

## Challenges in adopting Scrum Cesário Ramos, Xebia















organização:



com o apoio de:











#### **Overall Presentation Goal**

Learn about challenges of adopting Scrum in large enterprises and some rules of thumb.

Share experiences and learn from each other.

- Present our challenges.
- Have a discussion.















### **Speaker Qualifications**

- Cesário Ramos Xebia.
- Coach / Practitioner / Auditor.
- Publications:
  - Software Magazine
  - Java Magazine
  - Agile Journal
  - Xebia and personal blog
- Speaker, Trainer and Workshop leader.













Setting the stage.









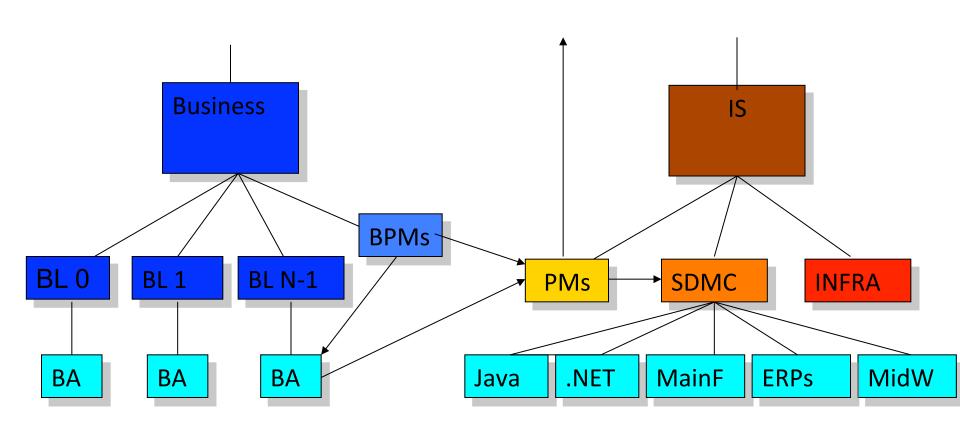




- IT Departments of up to 2000 people
- Use of linear development methods
- Cost accounting
- Command and control management
- Customer supplier relationship between Business and IT
- Business is quite unhappy with IT
- Want to use Scrum because then everything will be better.



### **Typical Organizational Structure**



And the list goes on.....













The challenges and pitfalls.













# Not preparing the organization













### If you want to do things like this?















### But are like that!



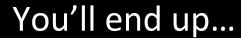






























### Scrum won't give you;

- Capable product owner;
- Customer engagement;
- Good configuration, risk, requirements management;
- Cross functional teams;
- Understanding stakeholders;
- Correct engineering practices;

### These should already be there!!













- Having a good enough foundation
- Aligning different departments.
- Avoid misinterpretations like
  - New view of things means BAD requirement engineering.
  - Re-architecting means BAD architect.
  - New insights in planning means BAD management.
- Finding a Meta Scrum Master













- Build Agile Foundations
  - Do workshops
- Evangelize Scrum
  - Repeat repeat repeat repeat repeat
- Extensive use of Information Radiators
- Focus on overall throughput





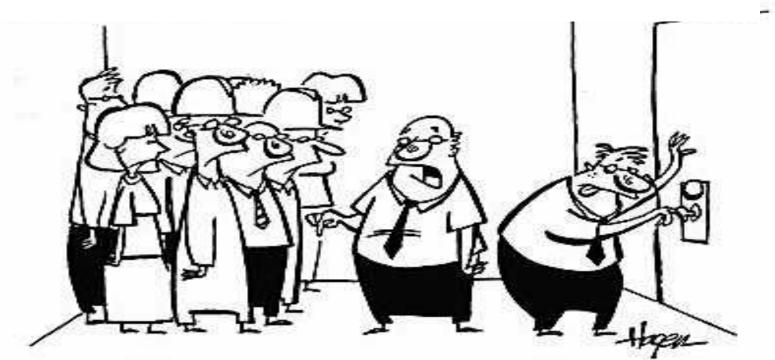








# Defective Product Owners





NOW WE'RE GOING TO STAY HERE UNTIL WE REACH OUR SAFETY GOAL!



- Getting the most valued functionality
  - at a certain date within a certain budget.
- Achieves funding
- Monitors the project against its ROI
- Prioritizes work.
- Decides what to build and what not build.
- Reports to upper management.













We did not find a person that does all this in these kind of organizations.













### **Smells**

- Long decision making process
- Everything is MUST HAVE
- Not much time...













- You coach Business and IT!
- Set up a product owner team.
- Act as a proxy Product Owner.















### Doing Scrum strictly and only the book

- Scrum is a simple framework!
  - Following only the mechanics of the process will no get you the desired behaviour.
- Required behavior is quite complex!
  - Described by 33 Organizational Patterns





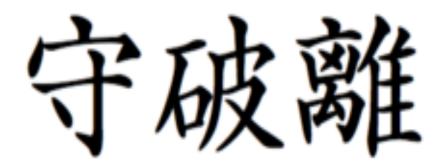








- Shu
  - Learn by the book.



- Ha
  - Deeply understand and question the practices.
- Ri
  - Tailor to your specific needs.













### How we do Requirements Engineering?

- Iterate to learn about the product.
  - Not always the right way to learn!
- Build up quality over time!
  - Simple Design
  - What's are minimal characteristics for this feature?
- Product backlog organized by
  - Tasks, Sub tasks, User Stories
- Product Owner Group
  - Prioritizes on Goals and Tasks
- Domain expert group
  - Detail Tasks to Sub Tasks and then to User Stories
  - Creates a buffer of requirements













- Functional, integration and performance testing in DoD.
  - Automated BDD.
  - Performance testing for spotting trends.
- Testers pair with developers during beginning of Sprint.
- Create enough body before inviting acceptance testers and users.
  - The users and acceptance testers pair test during the sprint with the system testers.
- Every Release formal acceptance.
  - Just a formality!













- Start by doing it by the books!
- Concentrate on the desired behaviour part.
- Don't throw out stuff that works, but does not seem to fit with Scrum.
- Adapt according to the principles of Agile and Lean.















#### Organization

- Doing the RIGHT things RIGHT
- Project Diagnostic
  - Daily Scrum
  - Retrospective
  - Diagnostic Metrics

#### Product

- Building the right product
- Creating a good enough solution
- Usability
- Meeting our business goals







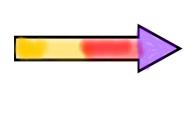


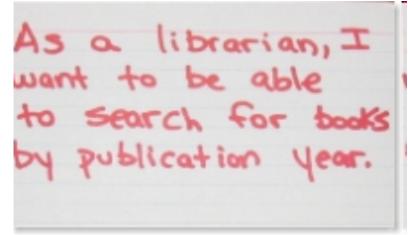




### No Organizational Learning













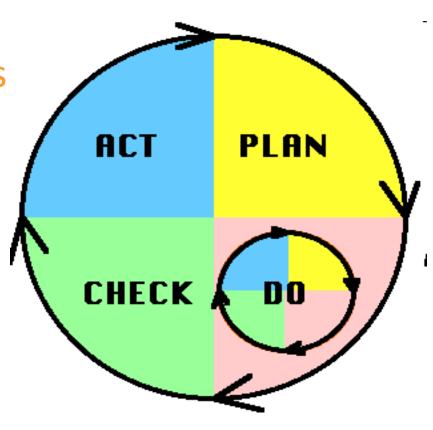






### What is there to learn and improve?

- Cycle time
- Planning and estimations
- Requirements
- Customer satisfaction
- ROI
- Software quality
- Waste

















### **Smells**

- Broken feedback cycles.
  - Dull Demo
  - Use a middleman between customers and developers
- No action for improvement almost every sprint.
- No measurements on things to improve.













- Value your demo and retro.
- Retrospective for more than just the Scrum team.
- Build up acceptance test collaboration.
- Measure so you know what to improve
  - Cycle time, Customer satisfaction, Quality, ROI, ....















- Learning about "What" and "How" to build.
- Deferring decisions.

 .... But we need a complete estimation and plan upfront so we can apply for budget!













Try to estimate the total cost of your project?

Get the most bang for the buck?















# **Smells**

- Throwing deliverables over the wall.
- Delaying decision making process.
- Big Contracts Up Front.





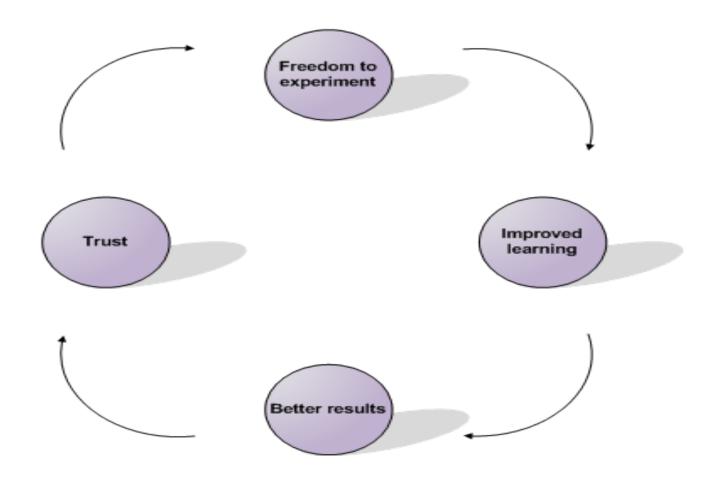








#### How trust helps to improve

















- Do the 'expert estimation' for funding.
- Agile estimation and planning on a subset
- Deliver what you promise
  - Do not over commit.
- Transparency and honesty.
  - Use of Information radiators
- Introduce a scope buffer.
  - Manage your release plan constantly.



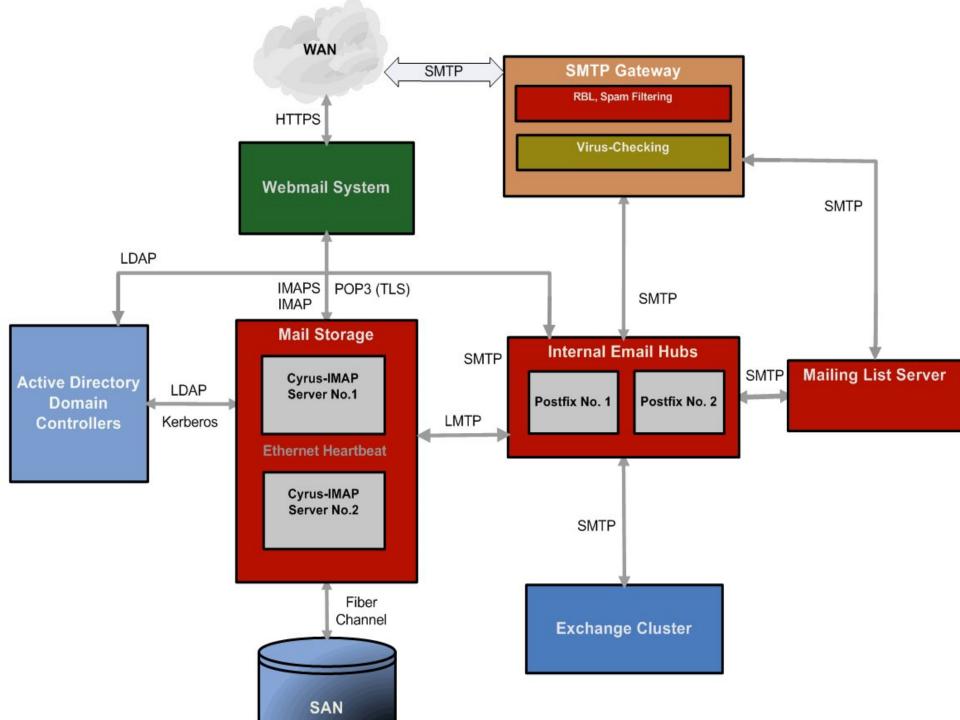














# Using Scrum as a fix without knowing the problem

# **Smells**

- Implementing Scrum cannot be a goal!
- Fighting symptoms, not problems.
- No approach to measure success.
- Top down only approach.













- Setting and verifying Scrum implementation goals.
- Root cause analysis.
  - 5 Whys
- Diagrams Of Effects (Systems Thinking)
  - For reasoning about non-linear systems.













## Wrap-up













Scrum is really great to do and will provide benefits fast.

It's all about letting the business do it's work correctly.















Scrum User Group Portugal <a href="http://www.scrumpt.com">http://www.scrumpt.com</a>

PT Scrum events <a href="http://www.fullsix.pt/scrum/">http://www.fullsix.pt/scrum/</a>

Scrum Mail Group <a href="http://groups.yahoo.com/group/scrumpt">http://groups.yahoo.com/group/scrumpt</a>
 scrumpt@yahoogroups.com

Scrum Alliance <a href="http://www.scrumalliance.com/">http://www.scrumalliance.com/</a>

Mitch Lacey <a href="http://www.mitchlacey.com">http://www.mitchlacey.com</a>













#### **Lacking a Meta Scrum master**















- You need support high up the food chain to solve organizational impediments
- Team level superseding problems are not being managed.













Scrum master in the critical path of a sprint















# Time spent on doing "Team" activities is time NOT spent on

- Creating an environment of success for the team
- Championing process
- Coaching stakeholders or product owner















### Thinking Agile is Easy













#### Learn from other's misfortunes

- Look at the previous pitfalls!
- Not enough understanding/knowledge in the team and organization
- You'll get simple process steps wrong
- Hire a coach who has failed a lot!













#### **THE END**









